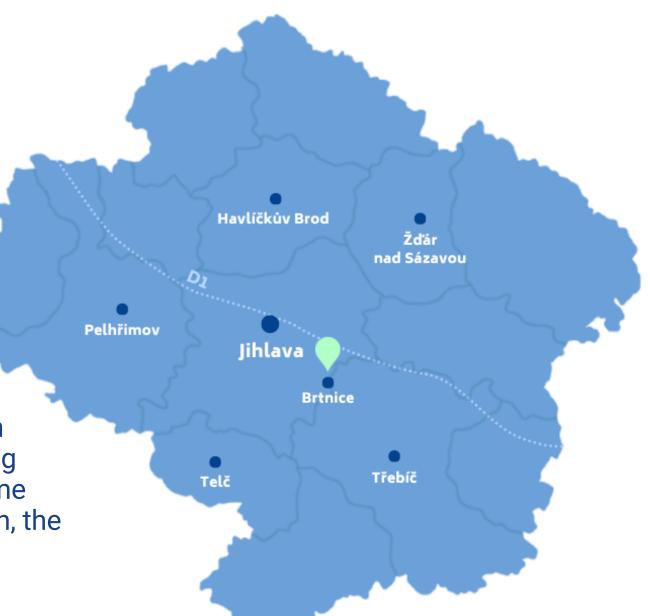
Josef Hoffmann

Classic of Modern Design

1-day trip

Josef Hoffmann is one of the creators of the Vienna Secession. Although his personality and work remain unknown to the Czechs, the fame of his work has long since spread beyond the borders of this country. Come and discover the life story of the father of pure design, the creator of the UNESCO monument in Brussels, in his hometown Brtnice.







Program

Brtnice

Josef Hoffmann's house in Brtnice

Hoffmann's house on the square dates back to 1500. After extensive reconstruction in 2004, the Josef Hoffmann Museum is housed here. The exhibition features original Hoffmann objects and models of his important buildings. The exhibition also includes contemporary artists who are inspired by Josef Hoffmann in their work.

Brtnice Chateau

The seat in Brtnice dates back to the 15th century when it was owned by the Wallenstein family. Originally there was a castle which was rebuilt into a Renaissance chateau at the end of the 16th century. After the rebellion of the Estates the chateau was confiscated and sold to Count de Collalto et San Salvatore. This family built a nearby monastery, a hospital and they have done Baroque reconstruction of the chateau.

Pauline Monastery

The Order of St. Francis of Paula was founded in 1626 to help with the recatholization of Brtnice. After its dissolution in 1784 the building served the purposes of the castle estate. After 1800, a wing was added to it for a cotton manufactory, which, however, disappeared after 18 years. The monastery building was then gradually adapted into apartments, which are still there today.

Bridges in Brtnice

The Jewish bridge has been preserved in Brtnice. It was built in the first quarter of the 18th century and the statues of saints were added by local sculptor David Lipart. All the statues were originally made of shell limestone. It connected the Christian quarter of the town with the Jewish quarter in the past. A strong chain was stretched across the middle of the bridge at night. The statues are only on the Christian part of the bridge towards the city centre. The Jewish half of the bridge has no statues.

Jewish cemetery

There were at least two Jewish cemeteries in Brtnice. The so-called old cemetery was located on the road to Panská Lhota and was established before 1600 to replace the cemetery that was closed by the authorities. The oldest tombstone dates back to 1672. There are valuable Renaissance and Baroque tombstones here.

Granary in Brtnice

The granary from the end of the 16th century which is both urbanistically and architecturally valuable is an interesting example of the form of a nobleman's farm building in Brtnice. In the two-storey building you can find exhibitions of products from the Brtnice Anvil Symposium, sewing machines and crafts connected with the history of Brtnice.

And if that wasn't enough...

- Visit the Waldstein house in Brtnice
- Walk throught the Brtnice valley to the Rokštejn castle
- Take a trip to Příseka Museum of car toys







Restaurants

Bistro Brtnice Café Ve výloze Tři knížata restaurant, Jihlava Zverimex Bistro Bar, Jihlava

Ubytování

Brtnice pension
Pod skalou pension
EA Business hotel, Jihlava
Hotel Villa Eden, Jihlava

